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1 2 3 4 5	Honorable Mike K. Nakagawa United States Bankruptcy Judge
6	UNITED STATES BANKRUPTCY COURT
7	DISTRICT OF NEVADA
8	* * * * *
9	In re:) Case No.: 14-16997-MKN) Chapter 13
10	CURTIS BRYANT and ROBIN BRYANT,)
11	Debtors.) Date: June 22, 2016) Time: 2:30 p.m.
12)
13	ORDER ON MOTION TO COMPEL COMPLIANCE WITH COURT ORDER, FOR ADDITIONAL SANCTIONS, AND TO REDUCE TO JUDGMENT ¹
14	On June 22, 2016, the court heard the Motion to Compel Compliance with Court Order,
15 16	for Additional Sanctions, and to Reduce to Judgment ("Motion"). The appearances of counsel
10 17	were noted on the record. After arguments were presented, the matter was taken under
18	submission.
19	BACKGROUND
20	On October 17, 2014, Curtis Bryant and Robin Bryant ("Debtors") filed a voluntary
21	Chapter 13 petition. (ECF No. 1).
22	On April 17, 2015, the court entered its Order on Motion to Determine Willful Violation
23	of the Automatic Stay and Request for Actual Damages, Punitive Damages, Attorney's Fees and
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27 28	¹ In this Order, all references to "ECF No." are to the numbers assigned to the documents filed in the case as they appear on the docket maintained by the clerk of the court. All references to "Section" are to the provisions of the Bankruptcy Code, 11 U.S.C. §§ 101-1532. All references to "FRBP" are to the Federal Rules of Bankruptcy Procedure.

Other Sanctions ("Sanction Order"). (ECF No. 86).² In the Sanction Order, the order awarded

actual damages for emotional distress in the amount of \$1,500 pursuant to Section 362(k)(1) in

favor of the Debtors and against creditor Wes Smith ("Smith").³

On March 28, 2016, an order was entered confirming the Debtors' Chapter 13 plan⁴ ("Plan Confirmation Order"). (ECF No. 135).⁵

² The Sanction Order was entered on April 17, 2015. Under FRBP 8002(a)(1), the deadline to appeal the Sanction Order expired on May 2, 2015.

³ Smith was listed as a creditor in the Debtors' schedules as well as the lessor of a house 9 located at 1533 Dusty Canyon Street in Henderson, Nevada ("Dusty Canyon Property") in which the Debtors resided. Smith also was included in the mailing matrix of parties to receive notice of the bankruptcy proceeding. Despite his knowledge of the Debtors' bankruptcy, Smith had proceeded to evict the Debtors from the Dusty Canyon Property without obtaining relief from the automatic stay. On February 17, 2015, Smith filed a proof of claim in the amount of \$7,110.00. The breakdown attached to the claim appears to include amounts Smith incurred in violating the automatic stay, e.g., court costs and fees, as well as attorney's fees for the eviction proceeding, and charges by a locksmith. On the proof of claim, Smith asserted the \$7,110.00 amount as entitled to priority under some subsection of Section 507(a), other than subsections (1, 4, 5, 7 or 8). It appears that subsection (3) cannot apply because this is not an involuntary bankruptcy proceeding, subsection (6) cannot apply because Smith is not a grain producer or fisherman, subsection (9) cannot apply because the claim does not involve an insured depository institution, and subsection (10) cannot apply because the claim does not involve death or personal injury. That leaves only subsection (2) that encompasses administrative expenses allowed under Section 503(b). It is clear from the record, however, that Smith has never taken steps to seek or obtain allowance of his claim as an administrative expense in this Chapter 13 proceeding.

⁴ Section 1.08 of the plan requires the Debtors to make monthly payments of \$2,400 for 46 months, totaling \$110,400.00 over the life of the plan. After payment of administrative expenses, secured claims, and priority creditors, Section 2.19 estimates that \$17,844.95 will be available to pay non-priority, unsecured claims, on a pro rata basis.

⁵ The hearing on confirmation of the Debtors' Chapter 13 plan was noticed to all 22 creditors, including Smith. (ECF No. 125). Section 2.08 of the confirmed plan addresses the 23 payment of allowed administrative expenses other than trustee's fees or the fees of the Debtor's attorney. Because Smith never sought allowance of his proof of claim as a priority under Section 24 507(a)(2) of the Bankruptcy Code, his claim is not entitled to administrative payment priority ahead of other creditors under Section 2.08 of the confirmed plan. Section 2.16 of the confirmed 25 plan addresses post-petition claims under Section 1305(a) of the Bankruptcy Code that ordinarily 26 are to be paid in full by trustee, "such as ... delinquent post-petition mortgage payments." Because Smith never objected to confirmation of the plan, Section 2.16 provides that no 27 postpetition claims encompassed by Section 1305 of the Bankruptcy Code will be paid in full by the trustee. Section 3.01 of the confirmed plan provides for the Debtors to reject the lease of the 28 Dusty Canyon Property. Under Section 365(g)(1) of the Bankruptcy Code, the rejection

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On May 2, 2016, Debtors filed the instant Motion. (ECF No. 138). Debtors allege that
Smith has made one payment of \$100.00 towards the Sanction Order, but refuses to pay the
remaining balance of \$1,400.00. In addition to requiring Smith to pay that balance, Debtors seek
\$1,615.00 in legal fees for having to bring their Motion. Whatever additional amount is awarded
pursuant to the Motion, Debtors further request that the total amount be reduced to a judgment so
that the Debtors may pursue post-judgment collection remedies, such as subjecting Smith to a
judgment debtor's examination, issuance of writs of execution on his assets, and the like. See
Motion at 5:6-11.

Having been warned in advance that the Debtors' would be seeking further relief from
the court to enforce the Sanction Order, on April 27, 2016, Smith had written a letter to the court
that was received the following day. (ECF No. 137). In that missive, Smith acknowledged that
he had paid only \$100.00 of the amount ordered, but asserted that payment of the balance would
be an undue hardship. He asserted that his only sources of income are rental proceeds from the
Dusty Canyon Property and Social Security payments.⁶

On June 8, 2016, Debtors' Motion came on for duly noticed hearing, but Smith never appeared. The court continued the hearing to June 22, 2016, in order to allow Smith another chance to appear and to allow Debtors' counsel to submit a billing statement for the professional fees incurred in bringing the Motion. On June 13, 2016, that billing statement was filed. (ECF No. 143).

On June 22, 2016, the continued hearing on the Motion was conducted. Debtors' counsel appeared and Smith appeared as well. Other than the letter he submitted before the Motion was

^{constitutes a breach of the lease as of the date immediately before the bankruptcy was filed. As a result, Smith has an unsecured, prepetition claim for lease rejection damages, subject to Section 502(b)(6), that is not entitled to priority under Section 507(a) of the Bankruptcy Code. The Plan Confirmation Order was entered on March 28, 2016. Under FRBP 8002(a)(1), the deadline to appeal that order expired on April 11, 2016.}

⁶ In their Motion, Debtors assert that Smith "runs a flooring business called Valley Floors
⁷ Corporation, LLC." See Motion at 3:26. Based on information available on "various web sites,"
⁸ Debtors also suggest that the business has potential gross sales of up to \$1 million annually. <u>Id.</u>
⁸ at 4:1-4. Debtors admit, however, that none of this information constitutes proof of Smith's actual income or financial status. Id. at 4-6.

1 filed, Smith filed no other opposition to the Motion. He did, however, orally repeat the matters 2 contained in his letter and also apparently asserted that he no longer receives any income from the business referred to in the Motion.⁷ Smith did not dispute the amount of professional fees 3 incurred by the Debtor in prosecuting the Motion. After arguments were presented, the Motion 4 5 was taken under submission.

DISCUSSION

The court has considered the record in this case as well as the written and oral arguments presented. Based on that consideration, the Motion will be granted under the terms provided below.

Smith did not comply with the Sanction Order. Debtors were protected by the automatic stay under Section 362(a)(3) and Smith violated the statute. The factual circumstances establishing the violation were addressed in the Sanction Order. Damages were awarded by the Sanction Order and Smith never appealed the order. He is bound by that order.

Smith's proof of claim is subject to payment under the terms of the Debtors' confirmed Chapter 13 plan. Debtors are not walking away from their creditors, but have committed their future income for 46 months. Only if they complete their Chapter 13 plan will they receive a discharge of their personal liability on the debts encompassed by the confirmed plan. See 11 U.S.C. § 1328(a). Smith could have taken various steps to possibly increase the distribution on his claim, but he did nothing. Like the Sanction Order, Smith never appealed the Plan Confirmation Order. Like the Sanction Order, Smith also is bound by the Plan Confirmation Order.

Instead of heeding the admonitions of Debtors' counsel, or even seeking the advice of bankruptcy counsel of his own, Smith violated the automatic stay and has now violated the Sanction Order. He claims that he cannot afford to pay what he owes, which sounds strangely similar to the Debtors' claim that they cannot pay their debts, except that the Debtors sought the

⁷ On his proof of claim, Smith includes an email address beginning with "vfc" which may refer to Valley Flooring Corporation. That an email address may still be in use, of course, also would not establish that the originating entity remains active.

relief provided by Congress through the Bankruptcy Code. In this case, Smith chose not to listen to Debtors' counsel or to the court, and has no one to blame but himself.⁸ The court will enforce 3 the automatic stay as well as the Sanction Order. The balance of the Sanction Order (\$1,400.00) 4 as well as the amount of attorneys fees incurred by the Debtors in bringing this Motion (\$1,615.00), totaling \$3,015.00, will be awarded.

The court will, however, credit Smith for his representation that his means of satisfying the award are limited. The court accepts his representation primarily because Debtors' counsel did not request an evidentiary hearing where Smith would be required to testify under oath. An evidentiary hearing would be limited to a determination of Smith's financial resources and would merely generate further legal expenses to the Debtors. The court therefore will structure the payment of the award to allow Smith to pay a discounted amount by a date certain. In the event Smith fails to pay the discounted amount by that date, he will be required to pay the full amount of the award under a judgment to be entered by the court.

IT IS THEREFORE ORDERED that the Motion to Compel Compliance with Court Order, for Additional Sanctions, and to Reduce to Judgment brought by Curtis Bryant and Robin Bryant, Docket No. 138, be, and the same hereby is, **GRANTED**.

IT IS FURTHER ORDERED that the amount of \$3,015.00 is awarded under this order in favor of Curtis Bryant and Robin Bryant, and against creditor Wes Smith, as sanctions pursuant to 11 U.S.C. § 362(k)(1) and as compensatory damages under 11 U.S.C. § 105(a) for violation of the Order on Motion to Determine Willful Violation of the Automatic Stay and Request for Actual Damages, Punitive Damages, Attorney's Fees and Other Sanctions, Docket No. 86, previously entered on April 17, 2015.

IT IS FURTHER ORDERED that the amount awarded under this Order is payable by Wes Smith as follows:

1. In the event Smith pays Debtors' counsel the sum of \$2,500 on or before August

⁸ That Smith actually included in his proof of claim against the Debtors some of the costs he incurred in violating the automatic stay, see note 3, supra, is merely consistent with his unwillingness to accept responsibility for his violation of the Bankruptcy Code.

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1	18, 2016, the remaining balance of \$515.00 will be deemed satisfied. In that
2	event, Debtors' counsel must file with the court a notice certifying that the
3	sanction issued by the court has been satisfied.
4	2. In the event Smith fails to pay \$2,500 to Debtors' counsel on or before August 18,
5	2016, the full amount of \$3,015.00 will be immediately due and payable. In that
6	event, Debtors' counsel may submit a form of judgment for any balance
7	remaining, upon submission of an ex parte application for entry of judgment to
8	this court.
9	IT IS SO ORDERED.
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11	Copies sent to all parties via BNC and via CM/ECF ELECTRONIC FILING
12	Copies sent via BNC to:
13	CURTIS BRYANT ROBIN BRYANT
14	507 CHESTNUT VIEW PLACE HENDERSON, NV 89052
15	WESLEY SMITH
16	3775 W. TECO AVE. SUITE 10 LAS VEGAS, NV
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