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1 2 3 4		Denorable Mike K. Nakagawa ted States Bankruptcy Judge
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6		
7	DISTRICT OF NEVADA	
8	In re:	* * * * Case No.: 22-14100-MKN
9 10	LV OPPORTUNITY ZONE LLC, SERIES 5,	Chapter 11
11	Debtor.	Date: September 20, 2023 Time: 9:30 a.m.
12 13		1 m.c. 9.50 a.m.
14 15	ORDER DISMISSING BANKRUPTCY C	TOR BANK OF AMERICA'S MOTION FOR ASE AS A BAD FAITH FILING PURSUANT S.C. §1112(b) ¹
16	On September 20, 2023, the court heard	the Secured Creditor Bank of America's Motion
17	for Order Dismissing Bankruptcy Case as a Ba	d Faith Filing Pursuant to 11 U.S.C. §1112(b)
18	("Dismissal Motion"). Concurrently with the I	Dismissal Motion, the court heard the Objection to
19	Proof of Claims No. 1 ("Claim Objection") file	ed by the above-captioned debtor. The appearance
20	of counsel were noted on the record. After oral	l arguments were presented, both matters were
21	taken under submission.	
22	BACKGROUND	
23	On November 16, 2022, LV Opportunit	ty Zone LLC, Series 5 ("Debtor") filed a voluntary
24	Chapter 11 petition. (ECF No. 1). The petition	n is signed under penalty of perjury by Shawn R.
25	Love ("Love") as managing member. Attached	l to the petition is a Corporate Ownership
26 27 28	filed in the case as they appear on the docket m	Jo." are to the number assigned to the documents naintained by the clerk of court. All references to cy Code, 11 U.S.C. §§ 101-1532. All references tcy Procedure.

Statement signed by Debtor's counsel, certifying that Love is the only party who owns more than a 10% ownership interest in the Debtor. On the same date, a Notice of Chapter 11 Bankruptcy Case was issued, setting a meeting of creditors ("341 Meeting") for December 22, 2022. (ECF No. 2). The same notice also set a deadline of March 22, 2023, for non-governmental parties to file proofs of claim and of May 15, 2023, for governmental entities to file proofs of claim.

On November 30, 2022, Debtor filed is schedules of assets and liabilities ("Schedules") and statement of financial affairs ("SOFA"), signed under penalty of perjury by Love as managing member. (ECF No. 8). Property Schedule "A/B" attests that the Debtor has a fee simple interest in real property located at 2849 Botticelli Drive, Henderson, Nevada 89052 ("Property") valued at \$616,500.00. No other real or personal property is listed. Secured creditor Schedule "D" lists three entities having claims secured by liens against the Property, the majority of which is to JP Morgan Chase Bank NA under a first mortgage securing a claim in the amount of \$825,000. The remaining claims are liens totaling \$10,275.00 for unpaid homeowners association assessments and garbage service. Bank of America NA ("BOA") also is identified as the party notified with respect to the first mortgage.

Unsecured creditor Schedule "E/F" lists one non-priority unsecured claim in the amount of \$3,500 for "Construction/Building Materials" in favor of CimentArt Las Vegas, with an address of 6825 Speedway Blvd, B102, Las Vegas, NV 89115. Schedule "G" lists no executory contracts or unexpired leases. Schedule "H" lists Love as a co-debtor but does not identify the creditor or the Schedule where the creditor information can be found. Part 1 of the SOFA attests that from January 1, 2022, to November 16, 2022, the Debtor's gross revenues from business operations were \$15,000 and that it had no non-business income. Part 2 attests it made no payments to creditors within 90 days of filing the case, nor any payments to insiders within one year. Part 6 attests that Love paid Debtor's counsel \$5,000 within one year from the commencement of the case. Part 10 attests that the Debtor held no financial accounts that were closed within one year. Part 13 attests that Love holds 100% of the interest in the Debtor. The latter is confirmed by a List of Equity Security Holders appended to the SOFA signed under penalty of perjury by Love.

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1	On December 22, 2022, Debtor filed a "Statement Regarding Authority to Sign and File
2	Petition" ("Statement") signed under penalty of perjury by Love. (ECF No. 13). The Statement
3	attests that a meeting of the members of the limited liability company was held on November 16,
4	2022, at which a decision to commence the Chapter 11 proceeding was made.
5	On December 22, 2022, the 341 Meeting was continued to January 31, 2023.
6	On December 28, 2022, Debtor filed a proposed disclosure statement and proposed
7	Chapter 11 plan of reorganization. (ECF Nos. 16 and 17).
8	On December 29, 2022, Debtor filed an ex parte application for conditional approval of
9	the disclosure statement. (ECF No. 21).
10	On January 3, 2023, an order was entered denying the ex parte application for conditional
11	disclosure statement approval without prejudice to re-filing after completion of the meeting of
12	creditors. (ECF No. 23).
13	On January 19, 2023, BOA filed proof of claim 1-1 ("POC-1") in the amount of \$824,
14	966.77, of which \$305,148.94 is shown as the amount necessary to cure a default existing on the
15	petition date.
16	On January 21, 2023, Debtor filed an objection to POC-1. (ECF No. 28).
17	On February 10, 2023, Debtor noticed the hearing on the Claim Objection to be held on
18	March 15, 2023. (ECF No. 36).
19	On February 17, 2023, an order was entered approving a stipulation to continue the Claim
20	Objection hearing to April 26, 2023. (ECF No. 43).
21	On March 20, 2023, an order was entered authorizing BOA to take an examination of the
22	Debtor's principal under FRBP 2004(a) ("2004 Examination"). (ECF No. 50).
23	On March 30, 2023, the 341 Meeting concluded. (ECF No. 52).
24	On April 7, 2023, an order was entered approving a stipulation to continue the Claim
25	Objection hearing to June 14, 2023. (ECF No. 59).
26	On May 16, 2023, an order was entered approving a stipulation to continue the Claim
27	Objection hearing to July 26, 2023. (ECF No. 64).
28	On July 26, 2023, the Claim Objection hearing was continued to August 30, 2023.

On August 16, 2023, BOA filed a response to the Claim Objection, along with numerous 2 exhibits. (ECF Nos. 74 and 75).

On August 18, 2023, BOA filed the instant Dismissal Motion, along with numerous exhibits. (ECF Nos. 76 and 77). The Dismissal Motion was noticed to be heard on September 20, 2023. (ECF No. 78).

On August 23, 2023, Debtor filed a response in support of the Claim Objection along with an affidavit of Shawn Love. (ECF Nos. 80 and 81).

On September 5, 2023, Debtor filed an amended proposed disclosure statement along with an amended proposed Chapter 11 plan. (ECF No. 85 and 86).

On September 7, 2023, Debtor filed an ex parte application for conditional approval of the amended disclosure statement along with a supporting declaration of its counsel (ECF Nos. 87 and 88).

On September 7, 2023, Debtor also filed an opposition to the Dismissal Motion. (ECF No. 89)

On September 13, 2023, BOA filed a reply in support of the Dismissal Motion. (ECF No. 90).

DISCUSSION

BOA seeks to dismiss this Chapter 11 proceeding for cause under Section 1112(b)(1) because of bad faith. The examples of "cause" described in Section 1112(b)(4) does not include filing a petition in bad faith, but a dismissal for bad faith is a permissible exercise of discretion. See Marsch v. Marsch (In re Marsch), 36 F.3d 825, 828-29 (9th Cir. 1994); Homesite Holdings LLC v. Stadtmueller (In re Homesite Holdings LLC), 2023 WL 3918405, at *5 (B.A.P. 9th Cir. June 6, 2023). A well-established basis for dismissal of a Chapter 11 proceeding is when a new entity is created for the purpose of obtaining bankruptcy protection. See Duvar Apt., Inc. v. F.D.I.C. (In re Duvar Apt., Inc.), 205 B.R. 196, 200 (B.A.P. 9th Cir. 1996) ("new debtor syndrome"); In re John V. Gally Family Protective Trust, 2022 WL 18715956, at *7 n. 99 (Bankr. D. Ariz. Dec. 21, 2022) ("New debtor syndrome is a factor that courts have considered in § 1112(b) dismissals for bad faith....New debtor syndrome is implicated when an entity is 28

created on the eve of bankruptcy and may be an improper attempt to abuse the bankruptcy laws' 1 2 protections.").

3 In this instance, there is no meaningful dispute that a foreclosure sale of the subject Property was scheduled for November 16, 2022, at 9:00 a.m. There is no apparent dispute that 4 Love conveyed title to the Property to the Debtor by recording a deed at 8:39 a.m., and then the 5 Debtor filed the Chapter 11 petition at 8:59 a.m. 6

There is no dispute that the Debtor has scheduled only three secured creditors and only 7 creditors having liens against the same Property. There is no dispute that the primary creditor is 8 9 BOA, whose foreclosure sale scheduled minutes before the commencement of the Chapter 11 10 proceeding was the primary object of this Chapter 11 proceeding. There is no dispute that the Debtor scheduled only one creditor holding a nonpriority unsecured claim, and that evidence has 11 been offered suggesting that the claimant does not exist.² There is no dispute that only two 12 proofs of claim have been filed in this proceeding, both of them timely and both with respect to 13 14 the Property: BOA and the homeowners association.

15 There is no dispute that Love testified at his 2004 Examination that there are no other 16 assets of the Debtor, that it has no employees, and has never filed a tax return. There is no 17 dispute that during the course of this Chapter 11 proceeding, Debtor has filed operating reports 18 for November and December 2022 (ECF Nos. 34, 35, 54, and 55), as well as for January through June, 2023 (ECF Nos. 56, 57, 70, 71, 72, and 73). There is no dispute that all of the operating 19 reports are signed by Love under penalty of perjury. There is no dispute that none of the 20 operating reports identify any assets of the Debtor other than the Property received from Love. 21 22 There is no dispute that all of the operating reports from November 2022 through April 2023 23 attest that the Debtor has no income or expenses. There is no dispute that, beginning in May 24 2023 through June 2023, Debtor attests that it receives \$4,000 in rent and incurs \$350 in 25 expenses, but does not identify the tenant who makes the rent payments.

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² Even more troubling is that BOA has provided evidence that the alleged unsecured creditor, Ciment Art of Las Vegas, has a relationship with an individual affiliated with the 28 Debtor's counsel. See Dismissal Motion at ¶31(I - iv).

On its face, all of the evidence before the court compel a conclusion that the Chapter 11 1 2 proceeding was commenced in objective bad faith solely for the purpose of preventing the 3 scheduled foreclosure of the Debtor's sole asset. At the hearing on the Dismissal Motion, 4 counsel for the Debtor also represented that Love transferred the Property to the Debtor so that the Debtor could seek Chapter 11 protection for another purpose: to avoid damage to Love's 5 credit score if he were forced to file personally. While Love may believe bad faith cannot be 6 inferred from his desire to protect his personal credit history, narcissism is not what Congress 7 had in mind when authorizing parties to seek Chapter 11 reorganization. At its core, Chapter 11 8 reorganization is designed to preserve jobs, facilitate the payment of creditor claims, and 9 10 preserve the equity of the bankrupt debtor's investors. See generally U.S. v. Whiting Pools, Inc. (In re Whiting Pools), 462 U.S. 198, 203 (1983); In re CWNevada LLC, 602 B.R. 717, 726 11 (Bankr. D. Nev. 2019). None of those purposes are served in this proceeding, and it appears that 12 it was never Love's intention to do so.³ Under the circumstances, the court concludes that this 13 Chapter 11 proceeding must be dismissed due to objective bad faith as well as subjective bad 14 faith.4 15

³ As mentioned above, after the Dismissal Motion was filed, Debtor did file an amended proposed disclosure statement along with an amended proposed Chapter 11 plan of reorganization. Debtor apparently requests a finding under Section 1112(b)(2) that there are "unusual circumstances establishing that...dismissing the case is not in the best interests of creditors and the estate, and that the debtor...establishes that (A) there is a reasonable likelihood that a plan will be confirmed...; and (B) the grounds for...dismissing the case include an act or omission of the debtor....(i) for which there exists a reasonable justification for the act or omission; and (ii) that will be cured within a reasonable period of time..." 11 U.S.C. §1112(b)(2)(A and B). Based on the record previously discussed, the court cannot find the required unusual circumstance, nor can it find a reasonable likelihood that the proposed Chapter 11 plan will be confirmed. As a result, the "defense" set forth in Section 1112(b)(2) does not apply.

⁴ Subjective bad faith is not sufficient alone to warrant dismissal of a Chapter 11 case, see
<u>In re Marsch</u>, 36 F.3d at 828, but Love's stated purpose of transferring the Property on the eve of
foreclosure to avoid impacting his personal credit history is merely an additional indicium that
the instant proceeding is not consistent with the purposes of Chapter 11 reorganization.

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1	IT IS THEREFORE ORDERED that Secured Creditor Bank of America's Motion for		
2	Order Dismissing Bankruptcy Case as a Bad Faith Filing Pursuant to 11 U.S.C. §1112(b),		
3	Docket No. 76, be, and the same hereby is, GRANTED .		
4			
5	Copies sent via CM/ECF ELECTRONIC FILING		
6	Copies sent to all parties via BNC		
7	Copies sent via BNC to:		
8	LV OPPORTUNITY ZONE LLC, SERIES 5 ATTN: OFFICER OR MANAGING AGENT		
9	11484 PARKERSBURG AVE LAS VEGAS, NV 89138		
10			
11	1 KARL L. NIELSON SMITH LARSEN & WIXOM		
12	1935 VILLAGE CENTER CIRCLE		
13	LAS VEGAS, NV 89134		
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